

CHAKANA COPPER CORP.

(FORMERLY REMO RESOURCES INC.)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS ("MD&A")

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED FEBRURAY 28, 2018

GENERAL

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of Chakana Copper Corp. (formerly Remo Resources Inc.) (the "Corporation" or "Remo") dated April 30, 2018, provides an analysis of the Corporation's financial results for nine months ended February 28, 2018. The following information should be read in conjunction with the accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements for nine months ended February 28, 2018 with accompanying notes which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

All dollar figures are expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise stated.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This MD&A contains certain statements that may be deemed "forward-looking statements", including statements regarding developments in the Corporation's operations in future periods, adequacy of financial resources and future plans and objectives of Corporation. All statements in this document, other than statements of historical fact, which address events or developments that the Corporation expects to occur, are forward looking statements. Forward-looking statements are statements that are not historical facts and are generally, but not always, identified by the words "expects", "plans", "anticipates", "believes", "intends", "estimates", "projects", "potential", "interprets" and similar expressions, or events or conditions that "will", "would", "may", "could" or "should" occur. Forward-looking statements in this document include statements regarding future exploration programs, liquidity and effects of accounting policy changes.

Although the Corporation believes the expectations expressed in such forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, such statements are not guarantees of future performance and actual results may differ materially from those in forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause the actual results to differ materially from those in forward-looking statements include market prices, exploration success, continued availability of capital and financing, inability to obtain required regulatory or governmental approvals and general economic, market or business conditions. Investors are cautioned that any such statements are not guarantees of future performance and actual results or developments may differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on this forward-looking information.

Forward-looking statements are based on the beliefs, estimates and opinions of the Corporation's management on the date the statements are made. The Corporation undertakes no obligation to update these forward-looking statements in the event that Management's beliefs, estimates, opinions or other factors should change except as required by law.

These statements are based on a number of assumptions including, among others, assumptions regarding general business and economic conditions, the timing of the receipt of regulatory and governmental approvals for the transactions described herein, the ability of the Corporation and other relevant parties to satisfy stock exchange and other regulatory requirements in a timely manner, the availability of financing for the Corporation's transactions and exploration and development programs on reasonable terms and the ability of third-party service providers to deliver services in a timely manner. The foregoing list of assumptions is not exhaustive. Events or circumstances could cause results to differ materially.

COMPANY OVERVIEW

Chakana Copper Corp. (formerly Remo Resources Inc.) (the "Corporation" or "Remo") was incorporated on May 2, 2011, under the laws of the province of British Columbia, Canada, and changed its name from Hadrian Resources Inc. on August 4, 2011 and changed its name to Chakana Copper Corp. on January 30, 2018. The Corporation is listed on the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSX-V") under the symbol "PERU". The Corporation is currently engaged in acquisition, development and operation of mineral properties, with its principal focus at this stage on the exploration of the Soledad copper-gold-silver project located in Central Peru (the "Soledad Project").

The head office, principal address is are located at 800 West Pender Street, Suite 1430, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6C 2V6, Canada and records office of the Corporation is located at 1055 West Pender Street, Suite 1500, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6E 4V7, Canada.

REVERSE-TAKEOVER TRANSACTION

On January 30, 2018, the Corporation completed the acquisition of Chakana Copper Corp. ("Chakana"), a private British Columbia corporation incorporated on December 1, 2016. Chakana's wholly-owned subsidiary, Chakana Resources S.A.C, a limited liability company formed under the laws of the Peru on December 1, 2016, holds an option to acquire 100% interest in the Soledad Project in Peru, and is the operator of all related mineral exploration activities. The Corporation acquired all of the issued and outstanding shares of Chakana through a three-cornered amalgamation involving a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Corporation and Chakana (the "Transaction"). In connection to the Transaction, the Corporation consolidated its common shares on the basis of one-post consolidation share for each 6.865385 pre-consolidation shares (the "Consolidation") and changed its name to "Chakana Copper Corp.".

HIGHLIGHTS AND RECENT EVENTS

Completion of \$8 Million Private Placement Offering

On March 23, 2018, the Corporation completed a brokered private placement by issuing 8,888,889 common shares at \$0.90 per share for gross proceeds of \$8 million. In connection with the financing, the Corporation paid cash finders' fees totaling \$373,250 and issued 391,000 broker warrants. Each broker warrant entitles the holder to purchase one share of the Corporation at a price of \$0.90 per common share for a period of 24 months following the date of issuance.

Completion of RTO Transaction and \$10 Million Concurrent Financing

On November 7 and 9, 2017, the Corporation issued 8,602,500 common shares for gross proceeds of \$4,301,250 and 11,397,500 subscription receipts for gross proceeds of \$5,698,750, with aggregate total gross proceeds of \$10,000,000. The subscriptions receipts will be held in escrow until the closing of the reverse-takeover transaction ("RTO"); whereby, all subscription receipts will be exchanged for post-consolidated shares of Remo on the closing date of the RTO. In connection with the share offering, the Corporation incurred share issuance costs of \$75,075 commission paid in cash, issued 127,715 finders' shares, and 277,865 finders warrants exercisable at \$0.50 per share for a period of 24 months from the date of issuance. On January 30, 2018, upon the closing of the RTO, the subscription receipts shares were issued and respective cash received. Additional share issuance costs of \$248,413 cash commissions were paid, and 43,000 finders' shares and 539,825 finders' warrants, exercisable at \$0.50 per share for a period of 24 months from the date of issuance, were issued.

MINERAL PROPERTIES

The Corporation is engaged in investigation, evaluation and conducting of exploration activities in the Peru. The Corporation's wholly-owned indirect subsidiary Chakana Resources S.A.C. holds the option to acquire 100% ownership interest in the Soledad copper-gold-silver project (the "Soledad Project") located in central Peru and is the operator of all related mineral exploration activities.

	Soledad Pr	Total oject, Peru
Balance – May 31, 2017	\$	32,755
Acquisition cost		328,404
Balance – February 28, 2018	\$	361,159

Soledad Project, Peru

On April 17, 2017, The Corporation entered into the Mining Assignment and Option Agreement with Minera Vertiente Del Sol S.A.C. ("MVS"), a Peruvian subsidiary of TSXV listed Condor Resources Inc. ("Condor"), pursuant to which the Corporation has the sole and exclusive option to acquire 100% of the rights and interests in the Soledad Project, subject to a 2% net smelter return royalty ("NSR").

The Corporation's option to acquire rights and interests in the Soledad Project is exercisable by issuing 500,000 common shares by June 23, 2018, paying a total of USD \$5,375,000, and incurring work expenditures on the Soledad Project.

The Option exercise payments schedule is as follows:

Installment	Date	Amount (in USD \$)
1	January 15, 2017	\$10,000
2	April 2017	\$15,000
3	December 23, 2017; (paid)	\$25,000
4	June 23, 2018*;	\$50,000
5	December 23, 2018	\$50,000
6	June 23, 2019	\$75,000
7	December 23, 2019	\$75,000
8	June 23, 2020	\$100,000
9	December 23, 2020	\$150,000
10	June 23, 2021	\$200,000
11	December 23, 2021	\$4,625,000
	Total	\$5,375,000

^{*} Payment accompanied with 500,000 Chakana shares

As at February 28, 2018, the Corporation has paid instalments 1, 2 and 3, totalling USD \$50,000.



In addition to paying MVS a 2% NSR upon commencing of commercial production on the Soledad Project, the Corporation is required to make pre-royalty NSR payments to MVS as follows:

Years	Amount per year (in USD\$)
From the sixth to the tenth year, counted as from June 23, 2017 From the eleventh to the fifteenth year, counted as from June 23, 2017	\$25,000 \$60,000
From the sixteenth year on, counted as from June 23, 2017	\$100,000
	\$185,000

Pre-royalty payments are credited from NSR payments on commencement of commercial production.

Under the Mining Assignment and Option Agreement, the Corporation may purchase from MVS 50% of the NSR, equal to a 1% NSR, for the total amount of USD \$2,000,000.

Pursuant to the Mining Assignment and Option Agreement, the Corporation must complete 12,500 meters of exploration drilling ("Drilling Schedule") on the Soledad Project according to the following schedule:

Stage	Meters (m)	Date
i	3,000 m	Within eighteen (18) months counted since June 23, 2017
ii	2,500 m	Within thirty (30) months counted since June 23, 2017
iii	3,300 m	Within forty-two (42) months counted since June 23, 2017; and,
iv	4,400 m	Within fifty-four (54) months counted since June 23, 2017.
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Total	12,500 m	

In the event of non-compliance with the Drilling Schedule, the Corporation is required to pay MVS 100% of the total cost of the unrealized drilling at USD \$100 per meter. The Corporation is permitted to offset a portion of the drilling requirements by certain making investments toward the development of the Soledad Project ("Credible Investments"). A maximum of 40% of the drilling meters required by the Drilling Schedule are permitted to be replaced with Credible investments.

As at February 28, 2018, the Corporation has drilled 10,790 meters and incurred \$2,723,338 exploration expenditures on the Soledad project. As of February 28, 2018, the Corporation has not applied any Credit Investments to expenditure requirements.

Aija Project, Peru

On October 3, 2017, the Corporation signed a binding letter of intent ("LOI") with a third party, pursuant to which the Corporation has the sole and exclusive option (the "Option") to acquire 100% of the rights and interest for the Aija Project. The Option includes 3 principal concessions, and 7 smaller parcels within one of the principal concessions, totalling 574.71 hectares. These concessions are in close proximity to the Corporation's Soledad Project.

The Option exercise payments schedule are as follows:

Installment	Date	Amount (in USD\$)
1	Upon execution of LOI	\$75.000
2	Upon signing of definitive agreement (paid)	\$75,000
3	6 months counted as from definitive agreement date	\$50,000
4	12 months counted as from definitive agreement date	\$50,000
5	18 months counted as from definitive agreement date	\$75,000
6	24 months counted as from definitive agreement date	\$75,000
7	30 months counted as from definitive agreement date	\$100,000
8	36 months counted as from definitive agreement date	\$100,000
9	42 months counted as from definitive agreement date	\$100,000
10	48 months counted as from definitive agreement date	\$100.000
11	54 months counted as from definitive agreement date	\$1,500,000
	Total	\$2,300,000

Installments 1 and 2 were paid on October 3, 2017 and April 1, 2018, respectively.

Under the terms of the Option, the third-party is entitled 2% NSR which the Corporation may purchase anytime for USD \$2,000,000.

For the nine months ended February 28, 2018, the Corporation incurred exploration and evaluation expenditures as follows:

	Nine months ended February 28, 2018	
Drilling	\$	1,229,221
Exploration support and administration		562,905
Field operations and consumables		256,948
Geological consultants		376,429
Sampling and geological costs		185,894
Transportation		111,941
	\$	2.723.338



SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

Key financial information for the three months ended February 28, 2018 is summarized as follows, reported in Canadian dollars except for per share amounts:

	Three months ended February 28, 2018 \$	Incorporation Date to February 28, 2017 \$
Current Assets	9,168,243	610,011
Current Labilities	543,651	116,081
Total Assets	9,751,889	654,197
Total Liabilities	543,651	116,081
Operating Expenses	1,855,693	46,230
Total Expenses	2,521,648	46,230
Net Loss	(2,521,648)	(46,230)
Loss per share	(0.13)	N/A

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2018

Total operating expenses for three months ended February 28, 2018 were \$1,943,424. Due to the Corporation's comparative period starting from December 1, 2016 (Date of Incorporation) to February 28, 2017 being in start-up phase, there was minimal activity and business expenses. The significant expenditures for the current quarter were as follows:

- Exploration and evaluation expenditures were \$1,332,120 during three months ended February 28, 2018, inclusive of drilling expenses of \$673,196, exploration support and administration of \$243,141, field expenses of \$55,886, geological consulting of \$194,749, sampling and geological costs of \$92,443, and travel expenses of \$72,705.
- Consulting expenses were \$78,380 and salaries and wage expenses were \$57,586 during three months ended February 28, 2018. General and administrative expenses were \$131,451 during three months ended February 28, 2018. Travelling expenses were \$65,371 during three months ended February 28, 2018 primarily due to increased travel to and from site for exploration activities. During the three months ended February, 28, 2018, the Corporation incurred \$172,693 legal, professional and accounting fees associated with the public listing process.
- As a result of the Transaction, the Corporation incurred a non-cash and non-recurring listing expense of \$649,997.

As a result of the foregoing, the Corporation recorded a comprehensive loss of \$2,500,148 during three months ended February 28, 2018.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED FEBRUARY

As part of the change in corporate structure, completion of the reverse acquisition, the Corporation has adopted a May 31, 2018 as the first financial year-end after the Transaction.

Total operating expenses for nine months ended February 28, 2018 were \$5,226,691. The significant expenditures were as follows:

Exploration and evaluation expenditures were \$2,723,338 during nine months ended February 28, 2018, inclusive of drilling expenses of \$1,229,221, exploration support and administration of \$562,905, field expenses of \$256,948, geological consulting of \$376,429, sampling and geological costs of \$185,894, and travel expenses of \$111.941.



- Consulting expenses were \$276,834 and salary and wage expenses were \$145,317 during nine months ended February 28, 2018. General and administrative expenses were \$262,949 during nine months ended February 28, 2018. Travelling expenses were \$175,918 during nine months ended February 28, 2018 primarily due to increased travel to and from site for exploration activities. During the nine months ended February, 28, 2018, the Corporation incurred \$262,448 legal, professional and accounting fees associated with the public listing process.
- As a result of the Transaction, the Corporation incurred a non-cash and non-recurring listing expense of \$649.997.

As a result of the foregoing, the Corporation recorded a comprehensive loss of \$5,981,368 during nine months ended February 28, 2018.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

As of the date of this MD&A, the Corporation has 80,070,347 common shares, 5,176,541 warrants, and 4,020,000 stock options issued and outstanding.

During the nine months ended February 28, 2018, the Corporation issued common shares as follows:

- On November 7 and 9, 2017, the Corporation issued 8,602,500 common shares for gross proceeds of \$4,301,250 and 11,397,500 subscription receipts for gross proceeds of \$5,698,750, respectively. The subscriptions receipts will be held in escrow until the closing of the RTO; whereby, all subscription receipts will be exchanged for post-consolidated common shares of Remo on the closing date of the Transaction. In connection with the share offering, the Corporation incurred share issuance costs of \$75,075 commission paid in cash, issued 127,715 common shares, and 277,865 warrants, exercisable at \$0.50 per common share for a period of 24 months from the date of issue. Upon the closing of the Transaction, additional share issuance costs of \$248,413 cash commissions are expected to be paid, and 43,000 common shares and 539,825 warrants, exercisable at \$0.50 per common share for a period of 24 months from the date of issue, are expected to be issued.
- Between June 28, 2017 and July 29, 2017, the Corporation issued a total of 8,089,500 units at a price of \$0.40 per unit for gross proceeds of \$3,235,800. Each unit comprised of one common share and one-half share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant is exercisable at \$0.60 per common share for a period of 18 months from the date of issue. Share issuance costs consist of finders' fees of \$187,740 paid in cash, issuance of 893,301 warrants, exercisable at \$0.40 per common share for a period of 24 months from the date of issue and \$24,438 of legal and filing fees.
- On June 12, 2017, the Corporation issued 500,000 common shares through the exercise of 500,000 share purchase warrants for aggregate proceeds of \$25,000.

Subsequent to February 28, 2018, the Corporation issued the following common shares:

- 6,066,666 common shares on exercise of warrants at an exercise price of \$0.05 per common share for gross proceeds of \$303,333;
- 8,750 common shares on exercise of warrants at an exercise price of \$0.40 per common share for gross proceeds of \$3,500;
- 537,500 common shares on exercise of warrants at an exercise price of \$0.60 per common share for gross proceeds of \$322,500;
- 50,000 common shares at an exercise price of \$0.40 per common share for gross proceeds of \$20,000; and
- On March 23, 2018, the Corporation completed a brokered private placement by issuing 8,888,889 common shares at \$0.90 per share for gross proceeds of \$8 million. In connection with the financing, the Corporation paid cash finders' fees totaling \$373,250 and issued 391,000 broker warrants. Each broker warrant entitles



the holder to purchase one share of the Corporation at a price of \$0.90 per common share for a period of 24 months following the date of issuance.

The following warrants were outstanding as of the date of this MD&A:

Grant Date	Expiry Date	Number of warrants issued	Weighted Average Exercise Price
June 29, 2017	December 29, 2018	2,436,000	\$0.60
June 29, 2017	June 29, 2019	230,551	\$0.40
July 17, 2017	January 17, 2019	475,000	\$0.60
July 17, 2017	July 17, 2019	66,500	\$0.40
July 28, 2017	January 28, 20a9	596,250	\$0.60
July 28, 2017	July 28, 2019	163,550	\$0.40
November 13, 2017	November 13, 2019	277,865	\$0.50
January 30, 2018	January 30, 2020	539,825	\$0.50
March 23, 2018	March 23 ,2020	391,000	\$0.90
		5,176,541	\$0.59

The following incentive stock options were outstanding at the date of this report:

Grant Date	Expiry Date	Number of shares issuable on exercise	Weighted Average Exercise Price
September 17, 2017	September 17, 2022	3,585,000	\$0.40
March 29, 2018	March 29, 2023	435,000	\$0.94
		4,020,000	\$0.46

CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Corporation defines capital as consisting of shareholder's equity and cash. The Corporation manages its capital structure to maximize its financial flexibility making adjustments to it in response to changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets and business opportunities. The Corporation does not presently utilize any quantitative measures to monitor its capital, but rather relies on the expertise of the Corporations management to sustain the future development of the business. Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Corporation, is reasonable.

As at February 28, 2018, the Corporation is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements or debt covenants. There was no change to the Corporation's approach to capital management during nine months ended February 28, 2018.

LIQUIDITY

The Corporation's objective in managing liquidity risk is to maintain sufficient liquidity in order to meet operational and investing requirements at any point in time. The Corporation has historically financed its operations primarily through the sale of share capital by way of private placements.

As at February 28, 2018, the Corporation had cash of \$7,779,724 and working capital of \$8,619,592.

To maintain liquidity, the Corporation issued common shares for cash proceeds during nine months ended November 30, 2017.



- On November 7 and 9, 2017, the Corporation issued 8,602,500 common shares for gross proceeds of \$4,301,250 and 11,397,500 subscription receipts for gross proceeds of \$5,698,750, with aggregate total gross proceeds of \$10,000,000. On January 30, 2018, upon the closing of the Transaction, the subscription receipts were converted and 11,397,500 common shares were issued and respective cash received.
 - Between June 28, 2017 and July 29, 2017, the Corporation issued a total of 8,089,500 units at a price of \$0.40 per unit for gross proceeds of \$3,235,800.
 - On June 12, 2017, the Corporation issued 500,000 common shares through the exercise of 500,000 share purchase warrants for aggregate proceeds of \$25,000.

Cash used in operating activities was \$4,973,740 during nine months ended February 28, 2018. The change in working capital is attributed primarily to the increase in exploration and evaluation activities and timing of the exercise of subscription receipts.

Cash used in investing activities was \$543,993 during nine months ended February 28, 2018 was primarily related to purchases of property and equipment.

The development of the Corporation in the future will depend on the Corporation's ability to obtain additional financings. In the past, the Corporation has relied on the sale of equity securities to meet its cash requirements. Future developments, in excess of funds on hand, will depend on the Corporation's ability to obtain financing through joint venturing of projects, debt financing, equity financing or other means. There can be no assurances that the Corporation will be successful in obtaining any such financing or in joint venturing its property; failure to obtain such additional financing could result in the delay or indefinite postponement of further exploration and development of the Corporation's properties.

OUTLOOK

The Corporation plans to conduct further exploration on the Soledad Project. Further exploration and corporate costs are expected to be funded through future equity financing.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Corporation's related parties include key management personnel and companies related by way of directors or shareholders in common.

Key Management Personnel Compensation

During nine months ended February 28, 2018, the Corporation paid and/or accrued the following fees to key management personnel:

	Fel	oruary 28, 2018
Management	\$	169,568
Directors		108,156
	\$	277,724

Key management includes the Corporation's Board of Directors and members of senior management.

Trade Related Party Transactions

As at February 28, 2018 the Corporation has the following amounts due to related parties:

	Febr	uary 28, 2018
Management	\$	14,476
Directors		18,092
	\$	32,568

OFF BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Corporation currently has no off-balance sheet arrangements.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Financial assets and liabilities are classified in the fair value hierarchy according to the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgement and may affect placement within the fair value hierarchy levels.

The hierarchy is as follows:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1
 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs that are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The fair value of cash under the fair value hierarch is measured using Level 1 inputs. The Corporation considers that the carrying amount of all its financial assets and financial liabilities recognized at amortized cost in the financial statements approximates their fair value due to the demand nature or short-term maturity of these instruments.

Fair value estimates of financial instruments are made at a specific point in time, based on relevant information about financial markets and specific financial instruments. As these estimates are subjective in nature, involving uncertainties and matters of significant judgment, they cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions can significantly affect estimated fair values.

Financial Risk Factors

The Corporation's risk exposure and the impact on the Corporation's financial instruments are summarized below:

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of potential loss to the Corporation if the counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Corporation's credit risk is primarily attributable to its liquid financial assets including cash and receivables. The Corporation limits exposure to credit risk on liquid financial assets through maintaining its cash with high-credit quality financial institutions.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Corporation will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Corporation currently settles its financial obligations with cash. The ability to do this relies on the Corporation raising



equity financing in a timely manner and by maintaining sufficient cash in excess of anticipated needs. The Corporation is exposed to liquidity risk.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Corporation has no interest-bearing debt. The Corporation's sensitivity to interest rates is minimal.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign Currency Risk is the risk on fluctuation of currency related to monetary items with a settlement currency other that Canadian dollars. The functional currency of Chakana is the Canadian Dollar and the functional currency of the subsidiary is the US Dollar. The Corporation is exposed to foreign currency risk on fluctuations related to cash, receivables, prepayments, and accrued liabilities that are denominated in U.S Dollars, and Canadian Dollars. The Corporation has not used derivative instruments to reduce its exposure to foreign currency risk nor has it entered into foreign exchange contracts to hedge against gains or losses from foreign exchange fluctuations.

BUSINESS RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Additional information on risks and uncertainties relating to Chakana's business is provided in Remo's Filing Statement dated December 4, 2017 to under the heading "Risk Factors".

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

The Corporation leases various premises under operating leases which expire from May 2, 2018 to July 31, 2018. The Corporation is obligated to make \$58,421 in minimum lease payments under the premise leases in the fiscal year ending May 31, 2018.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Corporation's financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of income and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes may differ significantly from these estimates.

Areas requiring a significant degree of judgment relate to the recoverability and measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities, the ability to continue as a going concern and the capitalization of development costs. Actual results may differ from those estimates and judgments. Areas requiring a significant degree of estimation include allowances for doubtful accounts.

Judgments that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the Corporation's consolidated financial statements are as follows

• Exploration and Evaluation Assets

The net carrying value of each mineral property is reviewed regularly for conditions that suggest potential indications impairment. This review requires significant judgment. Factors considered in the assessment of asset impairment include, but are not limited to, whether there has been a significant adverse change in the legal, regulatory, accessibility, title, environmental or political factors that could affect the property's value; whether there has been an accumulation of costs significantly in excess of the amounts originally expected for the property's acquisition, development or cost of holding; and whether exploration activities produced results that are not promising such that no more work is being planned in the foreseeable future.



Going Concern

The assessment of the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern involves critical judgement based on historical experience and expectations of the Corporation's ability to generate adequate financing. Significant judgements are used in the Corporation's assessment of its ability to continue as a going concern.

Income taxes

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on differences between the financial statement carrying values of assets and liabilities and their respective income tax bases ("temporary differences"), and losses carried forward.

The determination of the ability of the Corporation to utilize tax loss carry-forwards to offset deferred tax liabilities requires management to exercise judgement and make certain assumptions about the future performance of the Corporation. Management is required to assess whether it is probable that the Corporation will benefit from these prior losses and other deferred tax assets. Change in economic conditions, metal prices and other factors could result in revision to the estimates of the benefits to be realized or the timing of utilizing the losses.

Functional Currency

The functional currency for each of the Corporation's subsidiary is the U.S. dollar - the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. Determination of functional currency may involve certain judgments to determine the primary economic environment and the Corporation reconsiders the functional currency of its entities if there is a change in events and conditions which determined the primary economic environment.

Acquisition Accounting

Chakana has accounted for the reverse acquisition of Remo as an asset acquisition. Significant judgements and estimates were required to determine that the application of this accounting treatment was appropriate for the transaction. These included, among others, the determination that Remo was not considered a business under IFRS 3: Business Combination, for the basis of calculation of the fair value of the consideration transferred and the estimate of the fair value of the net assets acquired.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Corporation's significant accounting policies are summarized in Note 3 to the condensed interim unaudited consolidated financials for nine months ended February 28, 2018.

FUTURE CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The IASB has issued or amended a number of new standards that were not be effective at February 28, 2018. These standards have not been early adopted in these consolidated financial statements.

IFRS 7, Financial Instruments Disclosures (effective January 1, 2018) requires new disclosures resulting from the amendments to IFRS 9.

IFRS 9, Financial Instruments (effective January 1, 2018) introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities.

In May 2014, the IASB issued IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("IFRS 15") which supersedes IAS 11 Construction Contracts, IAS 18 Revenue, IFRS Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") 13 Customer Loyalty Programmes, IFRIC 15 Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate, IFRIC 18 Transfers of Asset from Customers, and SIC 31 Revenue Barter Transactions involving Advertising Services. IFRS 15 establishes a single five-step framework for determining the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from a contract with a customer. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with early adoption



permitted. The Corporation is currently evaluating the impact the standard is expected to have on its consolidated financial statements.

IFRS 16, Leases was issued in January 2016 (effective January 1, 2019) and provides a single lessee accounting model, requiring lessees to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases unless the lease term is 12 months or less or the underlying asset has a low value. The Corporation is currently evaluating the impact the standard is expected to have on its consolidated financial statements.

Management does not expect any other IFRS or IFRIC pronouncements that are not yet effective to have a material impact on the Corporation.